
A VTK Interface for the Hokuyo UTM 30LX Laser Range Finder

Release 0.00

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Abstract

It is convenient to acquire data in a format which VTK can read directly. To enable this, we provide a wrapper of the Hokuyo UTM-30LX interface in a class `vtkHokuyo`. The code is currently hosted at `git@github.com:daviddoria/vtkHokuyo.git`. This class only works on Linux systems.

Latest version available at the [Insight Journal](#) [<http://hdl.handle.net/10380/3221>]
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1 Introduction

One must install the software provided by Hokuyo before using this class.

At the time of this writing, the software is available here: http://www.hokuyo-aut.jp/02sensor/07scanner/download/urg_programsen/urg-0.8.11.zip

We have also included it in the git repository of this paper (<git@github.com: daviddoria/vtkHokuyo.git>).

The installation instructions are (these were performed successfully on Fedora 13):

1. sudo yum install SDL* (Hokuyo indicates that you must install *SDL* and *SDL_{net}*, but I found I had linking errors until I installed all of the available *SDL* packages. In fact, if all of the necessary *SDL* packages are not installed, the remaining steps of the installation do not appear to fail. What happens is only the C libraries are installed. After installing the necessary *SDL* packages and reconfiguring, the C++ libraries are built.)
2. ./configure
3. make
4. sudo make install

This places the necessary files in /usr/local/include/urg and /usr/local/lib.

2 Details

2.1 Acquisition

The Hokuyo scanner acquires points in a 270 degree sweep at predetermined angles. Therefore, the only thing that is stored is a list of distances (corresponding to the set of angles at which points were acquired.) The provided software provides an *index2rad* function which converts the index of the angle to the angle itself (likely a lookup table). Using this angle and the stored distance, we compute a 2D (x,y) point for each acquired point.

2.2 Establishing a Connection

Establishing a connection to the scanner (/dev/ttyACM0) is done in the *vtkHokuyo* constructor.

3 Interface

All the user must do is instantiate the *vtkHokuyo* object and get its output:

```
vtkSmartPointer<vtkHokuyo> hokuyo = vtkSmartPointer<vtkHokuyo>::New();
mapper->SetInputConnection(hokuyo->GetOutputPort());
```

4 Demonstration

4.1 Single Frame

An example output of the vtkHokuyo class is visualized in Figure 4.1. A trained eye will note that this is the profile of a room.



Figure 1: Screenshot

4.2 Video

The provided demonstration code Hokuyo.cpp collects data in a timer loop. We provide video.gif in the git repository showing multiple frames of data acquisition.